

San Benchmark

Citywide Assessment of Sanitation Service Delivery - Including On-Site Sanitation

Meera Mehta

Jaladhi Vavaliya, Upasana Yadav

CEPT University









Annual service delivery

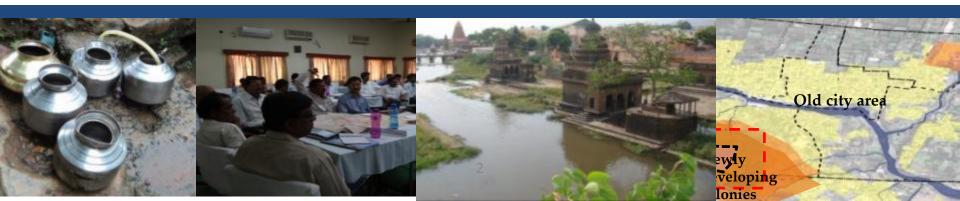
profile for 800^+

cities in 6 States

National database for 1800 cities For 18 states for 3 years

www.pas.org.in

Water supply, Waste Water, Solid waste Management & Storm Water



PAS Approach - moving to a virtuous cycle

Complete lack of performance Measurement



No monitoring by state and local governments



Worsening urban water and sanitation service delivery

Service performance deteriorates over time





PAS Approach – moving to a virtuous cycle

Performance Measurement

With agreed key indicators against goals

Use of technology for sustainability and scale

Performance Monitoring

at scale and at all levels: centre, state and local



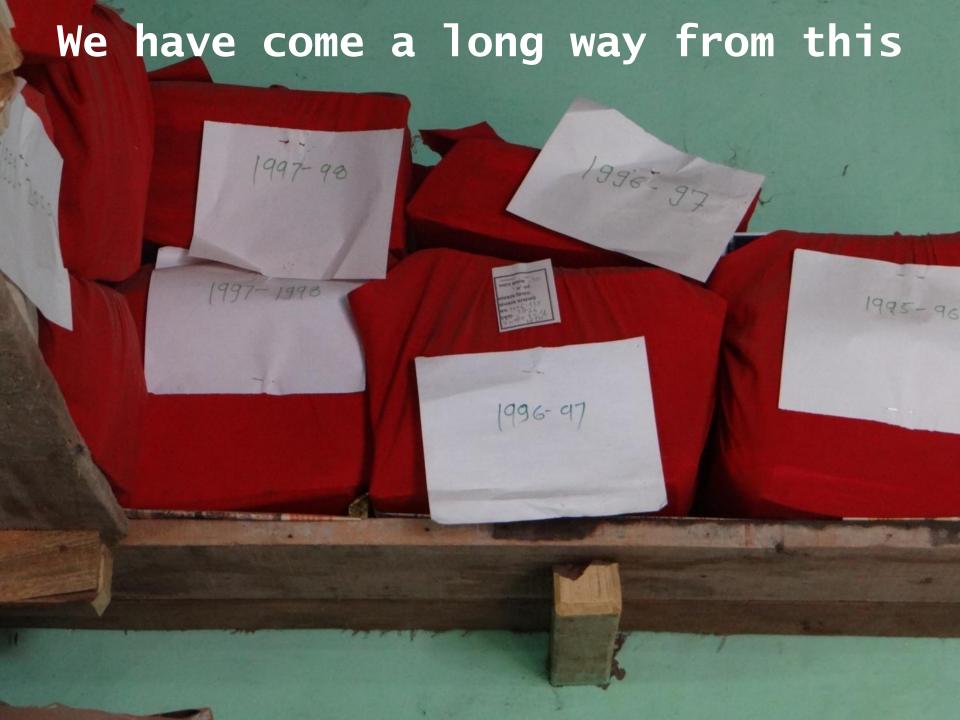
Improved urban water and sanitation service delivery

Performance Improvement

plans, tools and innovative financing



Measure and monitor performance to reward and latern from success and demonstrate results



Online data entry camps in state capitals

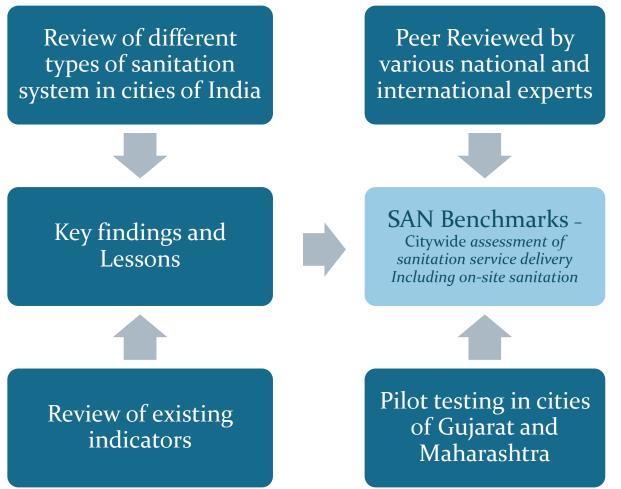


Sanitation benchmarks

- Many performance measurement, indicator and benchmarking systems for wastewater services
 - IWA Performance Indicators for Wastewater Services (Matos et al. 2003)
 - AWWA & WEF QualServe programme (United States)
 - SLB(Gol, 2008)
- All of them deal with waste water network and treatment
- No system to assess on-site sanitaiton



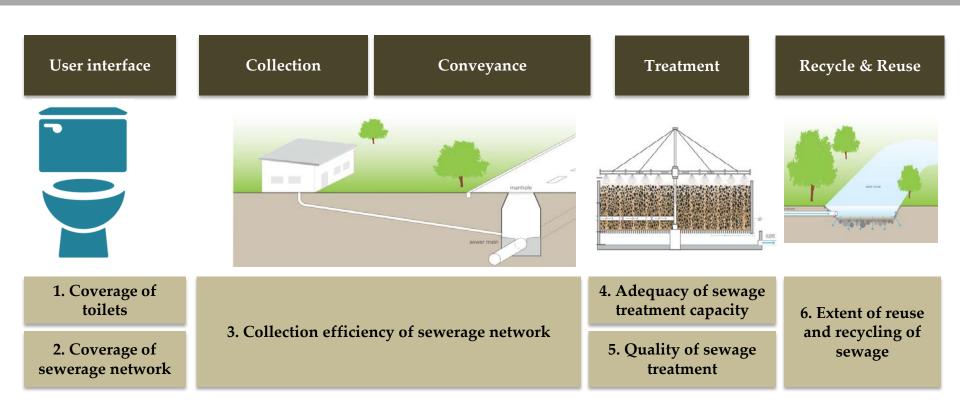
CEPT Process of developing SAN Benchmarks





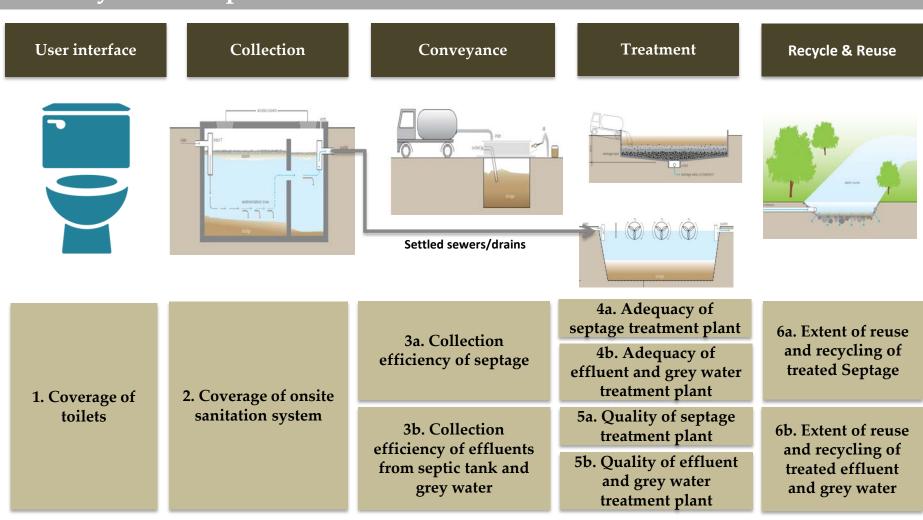
Gol indicators (SLB) - Sanitation

Conventional Underground Sewerage system



CEPT Indicators for Onsite sanitation systems

Onsite system – Septic tank with Settled Sewer/lined drain



SAN Benchmarks: Citywide assessment of sanitation service

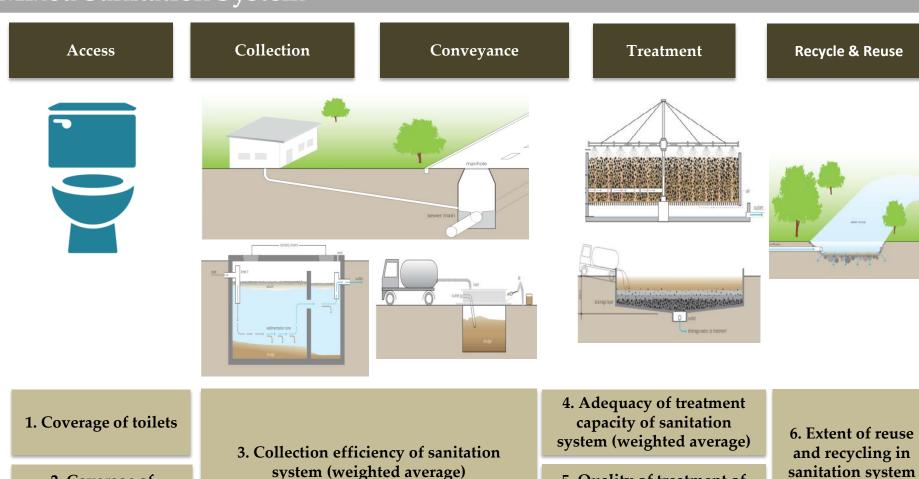
SAN Benchmarks provides a framework for performance assessment of city wide sanitation by capturing onsite sanitation systems along with the conventional sewerage systems.

Mixed Sanitation System

2. Coverage of

adequate sanitation

systems



5. Quality of treatment of

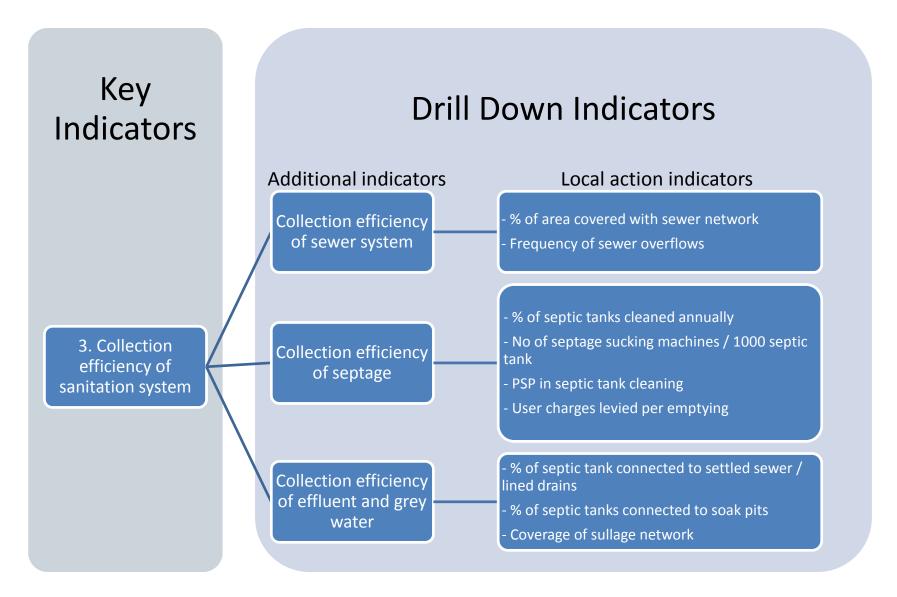
sanitation system (weighted average)

(weighted average)

SAN Benchmarks: Citywide assessment of sanitation service delivery Including on-site sanitation

Revised Sanitation Indicators (Sewerage system + Onsite systems)					
1. Coverage of toilets	Percentage of properties with access to toilet facility in the city				
2. Coverage of adequate sanitation system	Percentage of households with individual toilets connected with adequate sanitation systems (sewer network/ septic tank / double pit system) to total households in the city.				
3. Collection efficiency of sanitation system	Weighted average of collection efficiency of each sanitation system, weighted by share of households dependent on each sanitation system				
4. Adequacy of treatment capacity of Sanitation System	Weighted average of adequacy of treatment plant capacity available for each sanitation system, weighted by share of households dependent on each sanitation system.				
5. Quality of treatment of sanitation system	Weighted average of quality of treatment of each sanitation system, weighted by share of households dependent on each sanitation system.				
6. Extent of reuse and recycling in sanitation system	Weighted average of extent of reuse of treated wastewater and sludge after adequate treatment as a percentage of wastewater and sludge received at the treatment plant, weighted by share of household dependent on each sanitation system.				

SAN Benchmarks: Citywide assessment of sanitation service delivery Including on-site sanitation



SAN Benchmarks: monitoring framework suggested

Key Indicators

Monitored by local governments as well as higher level of governments at state and national level

Drill Down Indicators

Additional indicators

- Monitored by local governments
- Provide more details on the key indicators and explain the indicator better to the city officials.

Local action indicators

- Monitored by local governments
- Facilitate in identifying local actions required and set sub-targets to achieve improved performance on service delivery.

SAN Benchmarks: List of all Indicators

Capture	Collection	Conveyance	Treatment	Recycle and Reuse
1. Coverage of toilets	2. Coverage of each sanitation system	3. Weighted average of collection efficiency of each sanitation system	4. Weighted average of adequacy of each sanitation system5. Weighted average of quality of treatment of each sanitation system	6. Weighted average of extent of reuse and recycling of each sanitation system
Coverage of households with own toilets (%)	 Percentage of households connected to septic tank (%) 	Collection efficiency of septage (%)% of septic tanks cleaned annually	 Adequacy of septage treatment facility (%) 	 Extent of reuse and recycling of treated septage received at treatment plant (%)
 Percentage of functional community toilet seats 	 Percentage of households connected to septic tank as per design standards (%) 	 Number of septage sucking machines/1000 septic tanks (Ratio) 	 Adequacy of effluent (from septic tank and grey water) treatment capacity (%) 	 Extent of reuse and recycling of treated effluent (from septic tank and grey water) (%)
(%)	 Percentage of households connected to twin pit system (%) 	 PSP in septic tank cleaning services (Y/ N) User charges levied per emptying 	 PSP in O & M operations for treatment plant (Y/N) 	Extent of reuse and recycling of treated sewage (%)
	 Percentage of households connected to sewer network (%) Percentage of illegal sewer network connections (%) 	 Percentage of septic tanks connected to settled sewer / drains for effluent disposal Percentage of septic tanks connected to soak pit for effluent disposal (%) 	 Quality of septage treatment (%) Quality of effluent (from septic tank) treatment (%) 	Onsite
	 Percentage of identified illegal sewer network connections that are regularized (%) 	 Collection efficiency of effluent (from septic tank) and grey water (%) Coverage of sullage network (open + covered) (%) 	 Adequacy of sewage treatment facility (underground sewerage system) (%) 	indicators
	 Percentage of area 	 Collection efficiency of sewer 	 Quality of treated sewage disposed (ROD & COD) (%) 	

Indicator definition, formula and rationale have been developed...

APPLICATION OF SAN BENCHMARK



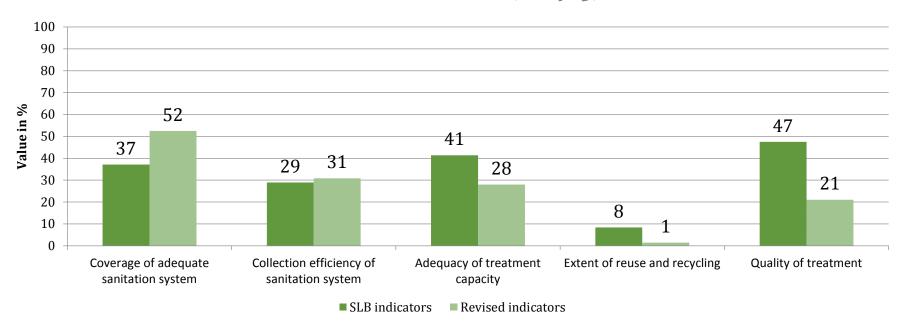
Application of San Benchmark

- ✓ SAN Benchmark indicators added in online PAS system
- ✓ Calculated for more than 600+ cities
- ✓ Included in IFSM toolkit and SANI PLAN tool
- ✓ Used for preparation of Shit Flow Diagram (SFD)
- ✓ Trained more than 1200 government officials



SAN Benchmarks: State Level Sanitation Assessment

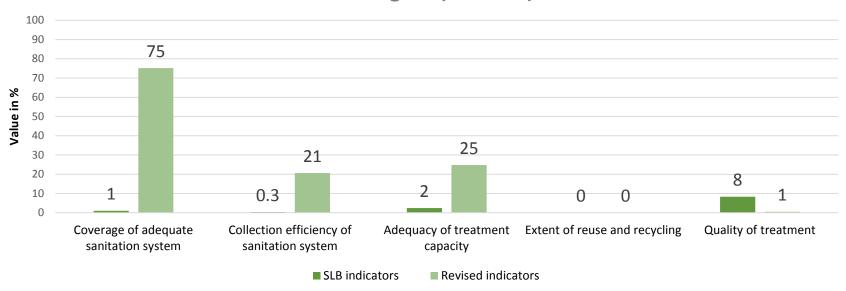
Sanitation assessment using existing and revised indicators - urban Maharashtra (2014-15)



- Maharashtra: 259 urban local bodies (ULBs); 3000 to 3.5 million population
- Partial underground sewer network: 34 ULBs; STP: 22 ULBs
- San Benchmark shows better performance for coverage of adequate sanitation system and collection efficiency.
- Adequacy of treatment decreases as only a few cities treat septage and grey water

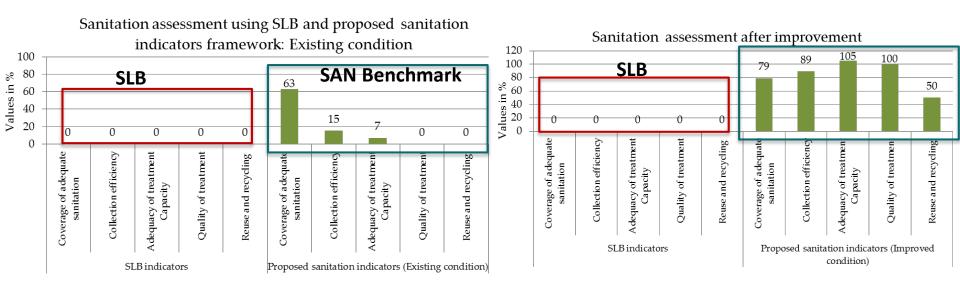
SAN Benchmarks: State Level Sanitation Assessment

Sanitation assessment using existing and revised indicators - urban Chhattisgarh (2014-15)



- Chhattisgarh: 43 urban local bodies (ULBs); 11,000 to 1.2 million population
- Partial underground sewer network: 2 ULBs; STP: 1 ULBs (Bilaspur)
- San Benchmark show better performance for coverage and collection efficiency
- Adequacy of treatment increases because it captures treatment of grey water through septic tank connected to soak pit
- None of the city treat septage

San Benchmark helps city government in monitoring FSM improvement plans

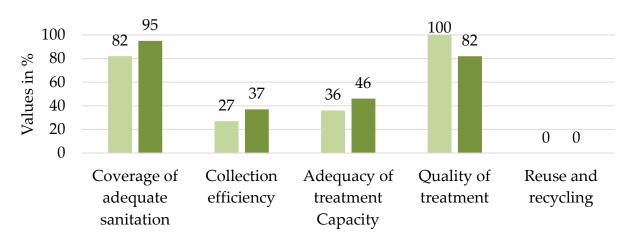


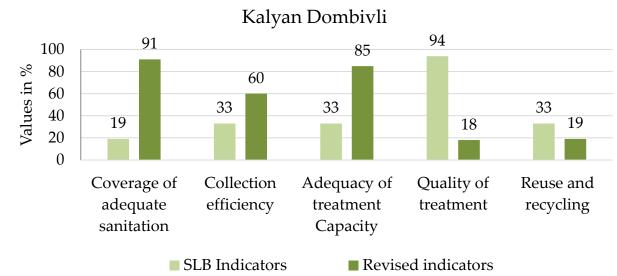
Sinnar City Example

- **SLB indicators** show **zero value** for all indicators
- Implementation of fecal sludge management plan not reflected in SLB indicators
- San Benchmark framework shows improvements in sanitation services

SAN Benchmarks: City Level Sanitation Assessment

Sanitation assessment using SLB and proposed sanitation indicators framework (mixed sanitation system - Nagpur)





Nagpur:

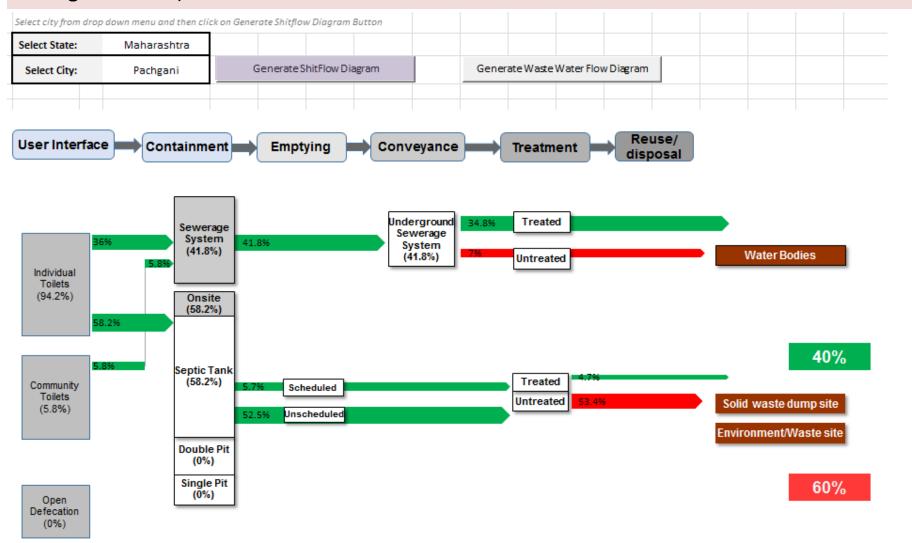
- 82% of properties are connected to sewer network. 13% have septic tanks with soak pits.
- WW generated: 276 MLD
- ☐ STP capacity: 100 MLD
- 12% of septic tanks are cleaned annually and treated in existing STP
- Quality tests are not carried out for sludge treatment

Kalyan Dombivli:

- 19% of properties are connected to sewer network. 78% have septic tanks with soak pits.
- ☐ WW generated: 370 MLD
- ☐ STP capacity: 123 MLD
 - 8% of septic tanks are cleaned annually and treated in existing STP
- Quality tests are not carried out for sludge treatment
- ☐ 30 MLD treated sewage is reused

Automatic SFD & WW Flow diagram Generation tool (Excel based)

Automatic SFD generation tool will generate **SFD diagrams and WW Flow diagram** for around 400 cities using **PAS data** of 4 Indian states (Maharashtra, Gujarat, Chhattisgarh and Telangana states)



Addressing Data Challenges

Major challenge: Availability of adequate information for onsite sanitation system

Challenges

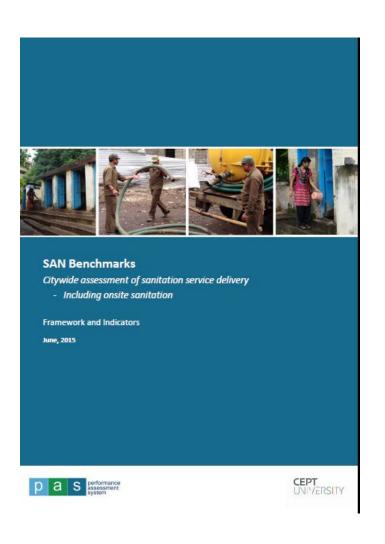
- User interface: Lack of recorded information on household level access to onsite sanitation system, i.e. HHs with septic tank
- Collection: Septic tank cleaned by private operators
- Conveyance: Quantity of grey water and effluent collected by drains
- Treatment: Quantity of septage treated in treatment plant

Measures

- Currently estimated based on city officials knowledge. Can be improved by addition of question in property tax assessment form
- Provide license to private operators
- Monitor flow in outlet drains
- Maintain record at treatment plant for septage received



Report and presentation



- Available at
- <u>www.pas.org.in/urban</u> sanitation



Thank you . . .

meeramehta@cept.ac.in dineshmehta@cept.ac.in

Download SAN Benchmarks document

www.pas.org.in



https://twitter.com/pas_project



http://fb.com/pas.cept